

Design Standards for Urban Infrastructure

Plant Species for Urban Landscape Projects in Canberra

Botanical Name: *Eucalyptus stellulata* (Est)

Common Name: black sallee

Species description

- Evergreen
- Usually a short single trunk with a rounded crown
- Dark grey bark for about half the trunk and then attractive smooth olive green for the remainder
- Broadly [lanceolate](#), glossy green foliage
- Star-like clusters of 7 to 10 flowers from autumn to spring
- Small hemispherical woody fruit

Height and width

10 metres tall by 10 metres wide

Species origin

Native species that is widespread in high tablelands and subalpine locations of New South Wales, the ACT and Victoria

Landscape use

- Available Soil Volume required 30m³
- Useful as a park tree where irrigation is available, or in lower flood or soak areas if in a dryland planting
- Suitable for use in revegetation areas
- Requires a minimum clearance of 6 metres from buildings

Use considerations

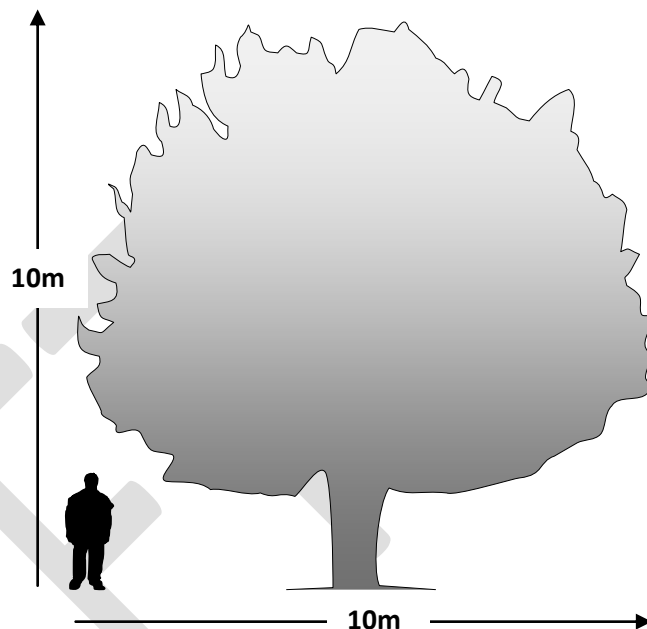
- Suited to cool climates
- High frost tolerance and moderate drought tolerance
- Suitable for wetter soils or low lying damp areas
- [Long lived](#)
- Slow to moderate growth rate
- High flammability
- Can be affected by scale, but fairly pest free in the Canberra area
- Provides browsing and protective habitat for birds
- Can experience leader dieback on leader ends when grown in drier locations
- Inclined to shed quantities of bark which would need clearing in some landscape settings

Examples in Canberra

Spowers Circuit, Holder

Availability

Commercially available



ACT
Government

Territory and Municipal Services